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United States Department of Agriculture
Forest Service PA-1384-M

## U.S. Forest Facts



Metric units

## Introduction

The forest lands of the United States are of vital importance to the Nation's economy. They provide the timber and minerals that are the basic raw materials for the products used to build, furnish, and heat our homes, factories, and offices and to make paper and paperboard products, containers, and hundreds of other items. In this brochure, facts about forests, forest products, and the National Forest System in the United States, as well as a brief overview of world forests and forest products, are presented in a concise format.

## Important Terms

Forest land-Land at least 10 percent stocked by forest trees of any size, including land that formerly had such tree cover and that will be naturally or artificially regenerated.

Growing-stock volume-Live trees of commercial species meeting specified standards of quality or vigor. Cull trees are excluded. Includes only trees 12.7 centimeters in diameter or larger at 1.4 meters above ground.

Mortality-The volume of sound wood in trees that died from natural causes during a specified year.

National Forest System-A system of federally owned units of forest, range, and related land consisting of National Forests, Purchase Units, National Grasslands, and Other Lands, waters, and interest in lands, which are administered by the Forest Service or designated for administration through the Forest Service.

Net annual growth-The net increase in the volume of trees during a specified year. Components include the increment in net volume of trees at the beginning of the specific year surviving to its end, plus the net volume of trees reaching the minimum size class during the year, minus the net volume of trees that died or that became cull trees during the year.

Other forest land-Forest land other than timberland and reserved timberland. It includes unproductive forest land, which is incapable of producing annually 1.4 cubic meters per hectare of industrial wood under natural conditions.

Receipts-Money collected from Forest Service operations such as timber sales, grazing and recreation fees, and mineral leases and permits.

Removals-The net volume of trees removed from inventory during a specified year by harvesting, cultural operations such as timber stand improvement, land clearing, or changes in land use.

Sawtimber volume-Live trees of commercial species containing at least one 3.7-meter sawlog or two noncontiguous 2.4-meter logs, and meeting regional specifications for freedom from defect. Softwood trees must be at least 22.9 centimeters in diameter, and hardwood trees must be at least 27.9 centimeters in diameter at 1.4 meters above ground.

Stumpage-Uncut marketable timber.
Timberland-Forest land that is producing or is capable of producing crops of industrial wood and not withdrawn from timber utilization by statute or administrative regulation. Timberland has the capability of producing in excess of 1.4 cubic moters per hectare per year of industrial wood in natural stands.

Land Area

|  | U.S. | North | South | West |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land classification (million hectares) |  |  |  |  |
| Total land area | 913.5 | 245.5 | 216.1 | 451.9 |
| Forest land | 294.6 | 68.7 | 80.9 | 145.0 |
| Timberland | 195.5 | 64.1 | 79.1 | 52.4 |
| Other | 99.1 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 92.6 |
| Nonforest land | 619.0 | 176.8 | 135.2 | 306.9 |
| Timberland ownership (million hectares) |  |  |  |  |
| Total public and private | 195.5 | 64.1 | 79.1 | 52.4 |
| Public | 55.0 | 13.0 | 8.0 | 34.0 |
| Federal | 39.1 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 27.9 |
| National Forest | 34.2 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 25.5 |
| Bureau of Land Management | 2.2 | * | * | 2.2 |
| Other | 2.4 | . 6 | 1.7 | . 2 |
| State | 10.8 | 5.4 | 1.2 | 4.2 |
| County and municipal | 2.8 | 2.3 | . 3 | . 2 |
| Indian | 2.3 | . 4 | * | 1.8 |
| Private | 140.5 | 51.0 | 71.1 | 18.3 |
| Forest industry | 28.5 | 6.8 | 15.5 | 6.2 |
| Farmer | 39.3 | 15.3 | 19.7 | 4.3 |
| Other | 72.7 | 28.9 | 35.9 | 7.8 |

* Less than 50,000 hectares.

Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. Past, present, and future trends in the U.S. timber sector: 1952-2040. Gen. Tech. Rep. Washington, DC; In process. (Preliminary data; data as of January 1, 1987.)

Timber Volume

|  | U.S. | North | South | West |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Inventories <br> (million cubic meters) <br> ( |  |  |  |  |
| Growing stock | $21,376.9$ | $5,392.1$ | $6,740.4$ | $9,244.5$ |
| Softwoods | $12,742.0$ | $1,396.4$ | $2,939.3$ | $8,406.3$ |
| Hardwoods | $8,635.0$ | $3,995.7$ | $3,801.1$ | 838.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Sawtimber | $12,789.3$ | $2,133.7$ | $3,430.0$ | $7,225.7$ |
| Softwoods | $9,177.6$ | 600.4 | $1,722.0$ | $6,855.2$ |
| Hardwoods | $3,611.7$ | $1,533.3$ | $1,707.9$ | 370.5 |

## Net annual growth,

 removals, and mortality ${ }^{\text {a }}$(million cubic meters)
Growing stock

| Growth | 633.9 | 158.5 | 295.3 | 180.1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\quad$ Softwoods | 360.6 | 37.8 | 165.6 | 157.2 |
| Hardwoods | 273.3 | 120.7 | 129.7 | 22.9 |
| Removals | 482.5 | 77.9 | 246.3 | 158.3 |
| Softwoods | 336.0 | 21.3 | 162.6 | 152.1 |
| Hardwoods | 146.6 | 56.6 | 83.7 | 6.2 |
| Mortality |  |  |  |  |
| Softwoods | 129.9 | 35.6 | 48.9 | 45.4 |
| Hardwoods | 77.1 | 10.6 | 25.2 | 41.3 |

a Volume on timberland.
Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. Past, present, and future trends in the U.S. timber sector: 1952-2040. Gen. Tech. Rep. Washington, DC: In process. (Preliminary data. Inventories as of January 1, 1987; net annual growth, removals, and mortality, 1986.)


National Forest System

|  | 1987 | 1986 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Forest System lands ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| National Forests | 90,503 | 90,419 | 90,408 |
| Grasslands | 1,707 | 1,707 | 1,707 |
| Purchase Units | 844 | 843 | 843 |
| Other areas | 114 | 114 | 114 |
| Timber cut ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |
| Volume (million cubic meters) | 58.5 | 54.8 | 51.4 |
| Commercial sales ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 57.6 | 53.4 | 49.6 |
| Free use | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| Value (million \$) | 1,019.0 | 789.9 | 724.5 |
| Commercial sales ${ }^{\text {c,d }}$ | 1,016.0 | 786.9 | 720.6 |
| Free use | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| Misc. forest products | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Receipts (million \$) | 898.4 | 831.7 | 635.9 |
| Timber use | 807.9 | 745.1 | 514.6 |
| Grazing use | 8.1 | 8.6 | 9.0 |
| Recreation use | 30.6 | 30.3 | 30.8 |
| Mineral leases and permits | 46.7 | 42.9 | 77.5 |
| Special land use, etc. | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.0 |

No. of livestock actually grazed (thousand)

| Cattle, horses, and burros | 1,410 | 1,491 | 1,565 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sheep and goats | 1,134 | 1,168 | 1,183 |
| Recreation use (million visitor-days ${ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ ) | 238.5 | 226.5 | 225.4 |
| Camping, picnicking, and swimming | 68.1 | 66.8 | 66.1 |
| Mechanized travel and viewing scenery | 75.8 | 62.9 | 60.8 |
| Hiking, horseback riding, and water travel | 20.4 | 25.0 | 25.5 |
| Winter sports | 15.2 | 14.7 | 16.2 |
| Resorts, cabins, and organization camps | 14.8 | 15.1 | 14.4 |
| Hunting | 15.7 | 15.3 | 14.6 |
| Fishing | 16.2 | 15.2 | 15.8 |
| Other' | 12.3 | 11.5 | 11.9 |

[^0]|  | No. of establishments | No. of employees (thousands) | Wages and salaries (million \$) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments, employees, and wages |  |  |  |
| Total forest industries | 45,401 | 1,456.1 | 24,931.9 |
| Logging camps | 11,658 | 80.9 | 1,207.9 |
| Wood industries | 27,368 | 770.3 | 10,790.8 |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 7,403 | 157.8 | 2,305.9 |
| Plywood and veneer mills | 556 | 52.7 | 908.3 |
| Millwork and kitchen cabinets | 5,285 | 100.4 | 1,502.3 |
| Wood furniture and fixtures | 5,943 | 255.9 | 3,180.3 |
| Other ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 8,181 | 203.5 | 2,894.0 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied industries Pulp, paper, and board mills | 6,375 | 604.9 | 12,933.2 |
|  | 594 | 204.9 | 5,470.2 |
| Paper and paperboard products | 5,781 | 400.0 | 7,463.0 |
|  |  | ue added by anufacture million \$) | Value of shipments (million \$) |

## Value of products

| Total forest industries | $55,019.8$ | $136,386.1$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Logging camps | $2,501.9$ | $8,274.0$ |
| Wood industries <br> Sawmills and <br> planing mills | $19,162.9$ | $48,265.8$ |
| Plywood and <br> veneer mills <br> Millwork and kitchen <br> cabinets <br> Wood furniture and <br> fixtures | $3,747.9$ | $11,132.4$ |
| Other |  |  |
| Pulp, paper, and allied <br> industries <br> Pulp, paper, and board <br> mills | $1,272.8$ | $4,525.9$ |
| Paper and paperboard <br> products | $2,856.8$ | $6,309.0$ |

[^1]Roundwood Production, Trade, and Consumption

|  | 1986 | 1985 | 1984 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product (million cubic meters ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Industrial roundwood |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |
| Production | 392.3 | 354.6 | 360.6 |
| Softwoods | 300.3 | 274.6 | 277.4 |
| Hardwoods | 92.0 | 80.0 | 83.1 |
| Imports | 123.5 | 122.9 | 118.0 |
| Exports | 65.3 | 58.6 | 58.3 |
| Consumption | 450.6 | 418.9 | 420.2 |
| Softwoods | 360.6 | 339.0 | 339.1 |
| Hardwoods | 89.9 | 80.0 | 81.2 |
| Lumber |  |  |  |
| Production | 185.4 | 160.4 | 163.4 |
| Imports | 64.6 | 66.3 | 60.3 |
| Exports | 10.8 | 8.7 | 9.6 |
| Consumption | 239.2 | 218.0 | 214.1 |
| Plywood and veneer |  |  |  |
| Production | 42.7 | 40.3 | 39.7 |
| Imports | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.2 |
| Exports | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Consumption | 46.0 | 43.8 | 42.5 |
| Pulp products |  |  |  |
| Production | 128.7 | 117.9 | 123.3 |
| Imports ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 53.2 | 51.3 | 52.7 |
| Exports ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 30.7 | 26.1 | 26.3 |
| Consumption | 151.3 | 143.2 | 149.7 |
| Logs |  |  |  |
| Imports | . 4 | . 5 | . 8 |
| Exports | 17.6 | 18.6 | 17.0 |
| Pulpwood chips |  |  |  |
| Exports | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Other products ${ }^{\text {c,d }}$ | 13.7 | 13.4 | 13.1 |
| Fuelwood ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 116.2 | 115.5 | 111.0 |

[^2]Production of Selected Timber Products

|  | 1986 | 1985 | 1984 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lumber (million cubic |  |  |  |
| meters) | 99.1 | 86.0 | 87.5 |
| Softwoods | 82.2 | 71.9 | 72.7 |
| Hardwoods | 17.0 | 14.1 | 14.8 |
| Plywood (million cubic |  |  |  |
| meters) | 18.8 | 17.8 | 17.5 |
| Softwoods | 18.0 | 17.1 | 16.7 |
| Hardwoods | . 8 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Particleboard and mediumdensity fiberboard (million |  |  |  |
| Particleboard | 6.5 | 6 | 7.1 5.9 |
| Medium-density fiberboard | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Hardboard ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (million cubic meters) | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Pulpwood (million cubic meters) | 206.4 | 193.0 | 202.3 |
| Round | 126.3 | 115.7 | 121.0 |
| Softwoods | 78.0 | 73.0 | 76.8 |
| Hardwoods | 48.3 | 42.7 | 44.2 |
| Chips | 80.1 | 77.3 | 81.3 |
| Woodpulp (million metric tons) | 55.3 | 52.3 | 52.4 |
| Paper and board (million |  |  |  |
| metric tons) | 65.9 | 62.4 | 63.7 |
| Newsprint | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Other paper ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 27.7 | 26.6 | 26.8 |
| Paperboard ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 32.3 | 30.1 | 31.0 |
| Insulating board | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 |

${ }^{2}$ Shipments.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Includes building paper.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Includes wet machine board.
Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, reporting data compiled by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, the American Paper Institute, and the National Particleboard Association.

|  | Imports ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | Exports |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volume |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value }^{\mathrm{b}} \\ \text { (million \$) } \end{gathered}$ |  | Volume |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value }^{c} \\ \text { (million \$) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 | 1987 | 1986 |
| Total all products | - | - | 15,268 | 13,271 | - | - | 9,940 | 7,692 |
|  | (thousand cubic meters) |  | (thousand cubic meters) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Logs | 374 | 356 | 22 | 11 | 18,611 | 16,432 | 1,644 | 1,227 |
| Softwoods | 311 | 236 | 19 | 7 | 17,935 | 15,803 | 1,526 | 1,129 |
| Hardwoods | 63 | 119 | 3 | 4 | 676 | 629 | 118 | 97 |
| Lumber | 35,952 | 34,501 | 3,333 | 3,138 | 7,687 | 5,727 | 1,349 | 994 |
| Softwoods | 34,680 | 33,628 | 3,055 | 2,966 | 5,814 | 4,431 | 856 | 644 |
| Hardwoods | 1,206 | 819 | 273 | 168 | 1,829 | 1,241 | 487 | 344 |
| Railroad ties | 66 | 54 | 5 | 3 | 44 | 55 | 6 | 6 |
| Veneer | 371 | 351 | 159 | 130 | 287 | 255 | 128 | 97 |
| Softwoods | 109 | 101 | 17 | 16 | 101 | 121 | 16 | 15 |
| Hardwoods | 262 | 250 | 142 | 115 | 186 | 134 | 112 | 82 |
| Plywood | 1,844 | 1,772 | 638 | 519 | 749 | 573 | 194 | 145 |
| Softwoods | 127 | 116 | 39 | 34 | 704 | 527 | 179 | 131 |
| Hardwoods | 1,717 | 1,655 | 598 | 485 | 45 | 46 | 15 | 13 |
| Particleboard | 1,074 | 985 | 150 | 137 | 335 | 254 | 54 | 34 |
| Hardboard | 245 | 253 | 63 | 56 | 79 | 54 | 35 | 24 |
| Pulpwood | 945 | 1,390 | 17 | 24 | 4,450 | 4,302 | 189 | 172 |
| Round | 34 | 134 | 2 | 5 | 36 | 93 | 1 | 2 |
| Chips | 911 | 1,256 | 15 | 20 | 4,414 | 4,209 | 188 | 170 |
| Wer | (thousand metric tons) |  | (thousand metric tons) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woodpulp | 4,502 | 4,168 | 2,069 | 1,606 | 4,416 | 4,046 | 2,250 | 1,663 |
| Paper and board | 11,646 | 10,831 | 6,928 | 6,038 | 4,812 | 4,369 | 3,104 | 2,549 |
| Newsprint | 8,153 | 7,791 | 4,121 | 3,682 | 308 | 356 | 210 | 195 |
| Other paper and board | 3,129 | 2,685 | 1,874 | 1,565 | 3,846 | 3,537 | 2,070 | 1,669 |
| Paper and board products | 364 | 355 | 933 | 790 | 658 | 476 | 823 | 686 |
| Other wood products ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | - | - | 1,890 | 1,613 | - | - | 992 | 787 |

[^3]|  | 1987 | 1986 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stumpage prices ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (\$ per cubic meter) |  |  |  |
| All species | 27.90 | 21.50 | 17.00 |
| All softwoods | 28.20 | 21.80 | 17.20 |
| Douglas-fir ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 42.00 | 35.50 | 27.90 |
| Southern pine ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 30.00 | 22.90 | 20.00 |
| Ponderosa pine ${ }^{\text {dee }}$ | 47.20 | 34.60 | 22.40 |
| Western hemlock ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | 23.30 | 16.50 | 11.10 |
| All hardwoods | 19.00 | 14.90 | 14.00 |
| All eastern hardwoods ${ }^{9}$ | 19.40 | 15.40 | 14.40 |
| Oak, white, red, and black ${ }^{9}$ | 32.40 | 23.90 | 20.90 |
| Log prices ${ }^{\text {h }}$ (\$ per cubic meter) |  |  |  |
| Sawlogs |  |  |  |
| Southern pine ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 44.50 | 38.90 | 41.10 |
| Gums ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 31.70 | 31.80 | 32.80 |
| Oaks ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 37.80 | 35.30 | 34.50 |
| Aspen, woodsrun ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 24.00 | 21.60 | 20.90 |
| Maple, woodsrun ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 33.70 | 38.10 | 36.40 |
| Yellow birch, woodsrun ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 31.20 | 35.90 | 37.30 |
| Veneer logs |  |  |  |
| Aspen, prime and No. $1^{i}$ | 49.00 | 34.00 | 33.00 |
| Maple (hard), prime and No. $1^{i}$ | 65.00 | 65.00 | 62.00 |
| Yellow birch, prime and No. $1^{1}$ | 75.00 | 75.00 | 68.00 |
| Walnut ${ }^{\text {k }}$ | 420.00 | 443.00 | 347.00 |
| White oak ${ }^{\text {k }}$ | 269.00 | 264.00 | 260.00 |
| Pulpwood logs |  |  |  |
| Southern pine' | 22.90 | 21.80 | 22.30 |
| Hardwoods' | 20.50 | 16.00 | 17.00 |
| Pine ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | 21.80 | 24.80 | 24.80 |
| Aspen ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | 15.60 | 17.00 | 17.00 |

[^4]$\frac{\text { All species }}{\text { Total } \text { Closed }^{\text {a }} \text { Other }}$ Soft- Hard-
woods woods

Forest area, 1980
(million hectares)
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Total } & 4,320.5 & 2,948.3 & 1,372.2 \\ 1,463.6 & 2,856.9\end{array}$

| North America |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\quad$ United |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ States | 298.1 | 195.3 | 102.8 | 157.9 | 140.2 |
| Canada | 436.4 | 264.1 | 172.3 | 350.2 | 86.2 |
| $\quad$ Mexico | 47.8 | 47.8 | - | 20.5 | 27.4 |
| Central |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ America | 24.8 | 24.4 | .3 | 4.5 | 20.2 |
| South |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ America | 915.0 | 667.0 | 248.0 | 20.5 | 894.5 |
| Africa | 743.7 | 235.9 | 507.8 | 13.9 | 729.8 |
| Europe | 158.9 | 137.0 | 21.9 | 98.0 | 60.9 |
| U.S.S.R. | 928.6 | 791.6 | 137.0 | 679.9 | 248.7 |
| Asia | 468.2 | 361.8 | 106.4 | 102.2 | 366.0 |
| Oceania | 298.9 | 223.4 | 75.5 | 16.0 | 283.0 |

Production Imports Exports
Industrial roundwood, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ 1985
(million cubic meters)

| Total | $1,502.0$ | 109.3 | 105.3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| North America | 346.6 | 2.4 | 21.3 |
| $\quad$ United States | 165.1 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Canada | 7.5 | $*$ | - |
| $\quad$ Mexico | 3.6 | .1 | $*$ |
| Central America |  |  |  |
| bouth America | 83.1 | .2 | 1.3 |
| Africa | 54.3 | 1.0 | 4.5 |
| Europe | 293.3 | 38.8 | 25.5 |
| U.S.S.R. | 275.4 | .3 | 16.8 |
| Asia | 245.3 | 61.9 | 21.9 |
| Oceania | 27.9 | $*$ | 9.4 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Forest land with 20 percent or more tree crown cover.
${ }^{0}$ Includes the West Indies.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Includes sawlogs and veneer logs, pitprops (mine timbers), pulpwood, and other industrial products.

* Less than 50,000 cubic meters.

Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: United Nations, Food and Agriculture Organization. Forest resources 1980. 1985; 1985 Yearbook of forest products. 1986.


[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Gross area within unit boundaries. "Other areas" includes Land Utilization Projects, Research and Experimental Areas, and other areas.
    ${ }^{-}$Includes other products harvested on National Forests. "Miscellaneous forest products" includes material not measurable in cubic meters (Christmas trees, tanbark, turpentine, seedlings, Spanish moss, etc.).
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Commercial and cost sales and land exchanges.
    ${ }^{d}$ Includes collections for forest restoration or improvement under the Knutson-Vandenberg Act, 1930.
    ${ }^{e}$ One visitor-day is a 12 -hour aggregate of recreational use of National Forest land or water.
    ${ }^{\text {' Includes nature study, team sports, gathering forest products, attend- }}$ ing talks and programs, and other uses.
    Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes industries producing wooden containers, pallets, particleboard, prefabricated wood buildings, gum and wood chemicals, and other wood products.
    Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. 1982 Census of manufactures. 1985.

[^2]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Roundwood equivalent (the volume of logs or other round products required to produce lumber, plywood, woodpulp, paper, or other similar products).

    - Includes pulpwood and the pulpwood equivalent of woodpulp, and paper and board.
    - Includes cooperage logs, poles and piling, fence posts, hewn ties, round mine timbers, box bolts, excelsior bolts, chemical wood, shingle bolts, and miscellaneous items.
    ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Production and consumption.
    Note: Data may not add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ Imports for consumption.
    ${ }^{0}$ Customs value which is generally defined as the price actually paid or payable for merchandise when sold for exportation to the United States, excluding U.S. import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Value (free alongside ship) at U.S. ports of export, based on the transaction price, including inland freight, insurance, and other charges.
    ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Includes poles and piling, fuelwood, wood charcoal, cork, waste paper, wood containers, wood doors, and other miscellaneous products. Note: Data may not add to totals because of rouding.
    Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and the American Paper Institute.

[^4]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Average prices for sawtimber sold on National Forests. High bid prices.
    ${ }^{\circ}$ Western Washington and western Oregon.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Southern Region.
    ${ }^{d}$ Pacific Southwest Region.
    ${ }^{-}$Includes Jeffrey pine.
    ${ }^{1}$ Pacific Northwest Region.
    ${ }^{9}$ Eastern and Southern Regions.
    ${ }^{n}$ Delivered prices.
    Louisiana.
    ${ }^{1}$ Wisconsin.
    ${ }^{k}$ Illinois. F.o.b.
    ${ }^{1}$ Louisiana. F.o.b. car.
    ${ }^{m}$ Wisconsin.
    Sources: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, the Louisiana Department of Agriculture, the University of Wisconsin, and the Illinois Department of Agriculture.

